

# Recombinant Mouse LDLR protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMM100200

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

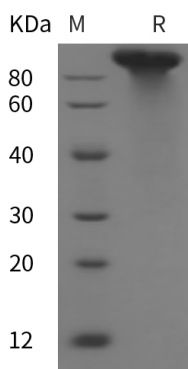
## Description

|                     |                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Species</b>      | Mouse                      |
| <b>Mol_Mass</b>     | 86.8 kDa                   |
| <b>Accession</b>    | P35951                     |
| <b>Bio-activity</b> | Not validated for activity |

## Properties

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Purity</b>         | > 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.  |
| <b>Endotoxin</b>      | < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method   |
| <b>Storage</b>        | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| <b>Shipping</b>       | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.  |
| <b>Formulation</b>    | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Mannitol.  |
| <b>Reconstitution</b> | It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.   |

## Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

LDL Receptor, also known as LDLR, is a mosaic protein which belongs to the Low density lipoprotein receptor gene family. The low density lipoprotein receptor (LDLR) gene family consists of cell surface proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis of specific ligands. LDL Receptor consists of 840 amino acids (after removal of signal peptide) and mediates the endocytosis of cholesterol-rich LDL. Low density lipoprotein (LDL) is normally bound at the cell membrane and taken into the cell ending up in lysosomes where the protein is degraded and the cholesterol is made available for repression of microsomal enzyme 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A (HMG CoA) reductase, the rate-limiting step in cholesterol synthesis. At the same time, a reciprocal stimulation of cholesterol ester synthesis takes place. LDL Receptor is a cell-surface receptor that recognizes the apoprotein B100 which is embedded in the phospholipid outer layer of LDL particles. The receptor also recognizes the apoE protein found in chylomicron remnants and VLDL remnants.

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