

PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Anti-Human CD90 Antibody[5E10]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1167P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, κ
Clone No.	5E10
Isotype Control	PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792P]
Conjugation	PE/Elab Fluor® 594
Conjugation Information	PE/Elab Fluor® 594 is designed to be excited by the blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 620 nm (e.g., a 610/20 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

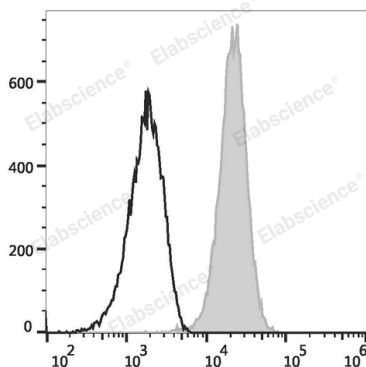
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Jurkat cells are stained with PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Anti-Human CD90 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2-8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CDw90;FLJ33325;T25;Thy1
Uniprot ID	P04216
Gene ID	7070

For Research Use Only

Background

CD90 is a 25-35 kD GPI-anchored protein, also known as Thy-1. It belongs to the Ig superfamily. Human CD90 is expressed on neuronal cells, a subset of CD34+ cells, a subset of fetal liver cells and fetal thymocytes, fibroblasts, activated endothelial cells, and some leukemia cell lines. CD34+CD90+ cells are primitive hematopoietic stem cells. It has been reported that Thy-1 binds with $\beta 2$ and $\beta 3$ integrins and plays bimodal roles in the regulation of cell adhesion and neurite outgrowth, and inhibits hematopoietic stem cells proliferation and differentiation.