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PE/Cyanine7 Anti-Mouse CD200/OX2 Antibody[OX-90]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1234UH

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse Rat Host

Isotype Rat IgG2a, ĸ Clone No. OX-90

PE/Cyanine7 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833H] Isotype Control

Conjugation

Conjugation Information PE/Cyanine7 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 775 nm

(e.g., a 780/60 nm bandpass filter).

Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer. Storage Buffer

Applications Recommended usage

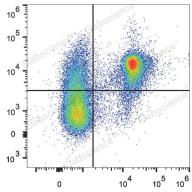
FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please

> check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the

> reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μg/10⁶ cells

in 100 µL volume].

Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with PE/Cyanine7 Anti-Mouse CD200 Antibody and FITC Anti-Mouse CD45R/B220 Antibody.

Preparation & Storage

Keep as concentrated solution. **Storage**

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names MRC:OX-2:OX-2 membrane glycoprotein

Uniprot ID O54901 Gene ID 4345

For Research Use Only

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Background

CD200 (OX-2 antigen) is a type-1 membrane glycoprotein containing two extracellular lg-like domains. CD200 a highly conserved type I membrane glycoprotein that is expressed on a variety of cell types including thymocytes, some T cells, endothelial and follicular dendritc cells, B cells, and brain tissue (neurons); but not on NK cells, granulocytes, monocytes, or macrophages. CD200 costimulates T cell proliferation. It may regulate myeloid cell activity in a variety of tissues. CD200 is the ligand for CD200 receptor (CD200R). The CD200 Receptor is restricted to myeloid cells, and it is believed that its engagement with CD200 results in inhibition and/or downregulation of myeloid cell activity. Blocking of CD200/CD200R interactions decreases myeloid cell inhibitory thresholds which results in enhanced immune activation.

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