

Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse IL-6 Antibody[MP5-20F3]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1207M1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

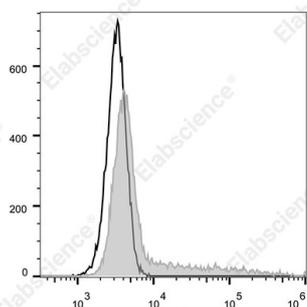
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG1, κ
Clone No.	MP5-20F3
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control[HRPN] [Product E-AB-F09822M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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Data



Intracellular staining of the 293T cells transfected with pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Mouse IL-6 gene with Elab

Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse IL-6 Antibody[MP5-20F3](filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control(empty black histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	B-cell hybridoma growth factor;IL-6;Interleukin HP-1;Interleukin-6
Uniprot ID	P08505

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

16193

Background

IL-6 is a potent lymphoid cell growth factor that stimulates the growth and survivability of certain B cells and T cells. IL-6 plays a role in host defense, acute phase reactions, immune responses, and hematopoiesis. IL-6 is expressed by T cells, B cells, monocytes, fibroblasts, hepatocytes, endothelial cells and keratinocytes.