

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant PTP1B Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN301798L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Rat; Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant human PTP1B fragment

HostRabbitIsotypeIgG, κCloneA510

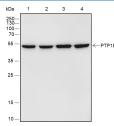
Purification Protein Apurified

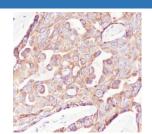
Buffer PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:200-1:1000 IF 1:50

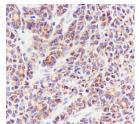
Data

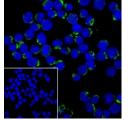




Western Blot with PTP1B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast 1:2000. Lane 1: HeLa, Lane 2: Jurkat, Lane 3: RAW 264.7, cancer using PTP1B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of Lane 4: PC-12 1:1000.

Observed-MW:50 kDa Calculated-MW:50 kDa





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using PTP1B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

Immunofluorescent analysis of (100% methanol) fixed Jurkat cells using anti-PTP1B Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50.

Rev. V1.1

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping lce bag

Background

For Research Use Only

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PTP1B is the founding member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family and PTPs catalyze the hydrolysis of the phosphate monoesters specifically on tyrosine residues. Members of the PTP family share a highly conserved catalytic motif, which is essential for the catalytic activity. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. PTP1B has been shown to act as a negative regulator of insulin signaling by dephosphorylating the phosphotryosine residues of insulin receptor kinase. PTP1B was also reported to dephosphorylate epidermal growth factor receptor kinase, as well as JAK2 and TYK2 kinases, which implicated the role of this PTP in cell growth control, and cell response to interferon stimulation.

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