

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

## Recombinant Human IL18 protein (Avi, His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100869

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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**Species** Human

Source E.coli-derived Human IL18 N terminal protein Tyr37-Lys115, with an C-terminal Avi &

His

Calculated MW 8.6 kDa Observed MW 12 kDa Accession Q14116

Not validated for activity **Bio-activity** 

#### **Properties**

> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Purity

Endotoxin < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

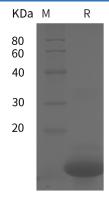
reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

# Elabscience®

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

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Interleukin-18 (IL-18, also known as interferon-gamma inducing factor) is a proinflammatory cytokine that belongs to the IL-1 superfamily and is produced by macrophages and other cells. This cytokine can induce the IFN-gamma production of T cells. The combination of IL-18 and IL12 has been shown to inhibit IL4 dependent IgE and IgGl production, and enhance IgG2a production of B cells. IL-18 binding protein (IL18BP) can specifically interact with this cytokine, and thus negatively regulate its biological activity. IL-18 is an IL-18 minus, like cytokine that requires cleavage with caspase-1 to become active, was found to increase IgE production in a CD4+ T cells-, IL-48 minus, and STAT68 minus, dependent fashion. IL-18 and T cell receptor8 minus, mediated stimulation could induce na&iuml, ve CD4+ T cells to develop into IL-48 minus, producing cells in vitro. Thus, caspase-1 and IL-18 may be critical in regulation of IgE production in vivo, providing a potential therapeutic target for allergic disorders. IL-18 production in primary synovial cultures and purified synovial fibroblasts was, in turn, upregulated by TNF-&alpha, and IL-18 beta,, suggesting that monokine expression can feed back to promote Th1 cell development in synovial membrane. Besides, synergistic combinations of IL-18, IL-12, and IL-15 may be of importance in sustaining both Th1 responses and monokine production in RA.

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