

## NAPRT Polyclonal Antibody

**catalog number:** E-AB-52878

**Note:** *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

### Description

|                     |                                                                                    |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | Human                                                                              |
| <b>Immunogen</b>    | Fusion protein of human NAPRT                                                      |
| <b>Host</b>         | Rabbit                                                                             |
| <b>Isotype</b>      | Rabbit IgG                                                                         |
| <b>Purification</b> | Antigen affinity purification                                                      |
| <b>Buffer</b>       | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol. |

### Applications

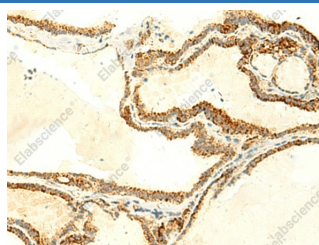
### Recommended Dilution

|     |            |
|-----|------------|
| IHC | 1:50-1:300 |
|-----|------------|

### Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using NAPRT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using NAPRT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)

### Preparation & Storage

|                 |                                                                                                          |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Storage</b>  | Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.                                          |
| <b>Shipping</b> | The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended. |

### Background

Nicotinic acid (NA) is a coenzyme in cellular redox reactions, and is an essential component of metabolic pathways in all living cells. NAPRT1 (Nicotinate phosphoribosyltransferase) is essential for increasing cellular NAD levels and, thus, to prevent oxidative stress of cells. NAPRT1 converts Nicotinic acid (NA; niacin) to NA mononucleotide (NaMN), which is then converted to NA adenine dinucleotide (NaAD), and finally to nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD).

### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623  
Web: [www.elabscience.com](http://www.elabscience.com)

Tel: 1-832-243-6086  
Email: [techsupport@elabscience.com](mailto:techsupport@elabscience.com)

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Rev. V1.7