Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.





AF/LE Purified Anti-Mouse CD272/BTLA Antibody[PK18.6]

Catalog Number: GF10240

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Reactivity Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse CD272/BTLA protein

Host Rat

Isotype Rat IgG1, κ
Clone PK18.6

Purification >98%, Protein A/G purified

Conjugation None (AF/LE)

Buffer Sterile PBS, pH 7.2. < 1.0 EU per mg of the antibody as determined by the

LAL method.

 Applications
 Recommended Dilution

 FCM
 2 μg/mL(0.5×10⁶-1×10⁶ cells)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid

freeze / thaw cycles. This preparation contains no preservatives, thus it

should be handled under as eptic conditions.

Ice bag

Background

Shipping

B and T lymphocyte attenuator (BTLA) is an Ig superfamily coinhibitory receptor with structural similarity to programmed cell death 1 (PD-1) and CTLA-4. BTLA is expressed on B cells, T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, NKT cells, and NK cells. Engagement of BTLA by its ligand Herpes Virus Entry Mediator (HVEM) is critical for negatively regulating immune response. The absence of BTLA with HVEM inhibitory interactions leads to increased experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis severity, enhanced rejection of partially mismatched allografts, an increased CD8⁺ memory T cell population, increased severity of colitis, and reduced effectiveness of T regulatory cells. BTLA plays an important role in the induction of peripheral tolerance of both CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cells in vivo. Tolerant T cells have significant up-regulated expression of BTLA compared with effector and naive T cells. BTLA may cooperate with CTLA-4 and PD-1 to control T cell tolerance and autoimmunity. It has been reported that BTLA may regulate T cell function through binding to B7-H4.