A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# Recombinant Human Interleukin-36 alpha/IL-36 alpha

Catalog Number: PKSH033873

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Species Human

Source E.coli-derived Human IL-36A; IL-36 alpha protein Lys6-Phe158, with an C-terminal His

 Calculated MW
 18.1 kDa

 Observed MW
 17 kDa

 Accession
 Q9UHA7

**Bio-activity** Measure by its ability to induce IL-8 secretion in human PBMCs. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this

effect is <0.7 ng/mL.

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

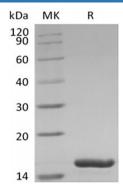
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

#### Background

# **Elabscience®**

### Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

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Human Interleukin- $36\alpha$  (IL- $36\alpha$ ) is a secreted cytokine that belongs to the Interleukin 1 cytokine family. IL- $36\alpha$  is expressed in the immune system and the fetal brain, but not in other tissues or multiple hematopoietic cell lines. IL- $36\alpha$  is the only IL-1 family member found to be expressed on T-cells. IL- $36\alpha$  and IL-1F8 are involved in the regulation of adipose tissue gene expression. Importantly, IL- $36\alpha$  inhibits PPAR $\gamma$  expression, which may lead to a reduction in adipocyte differentiation suggesting metabolic effects of this cytokine. IL- $36\alpha$ , along with IL-1F8 and IL-1F9, has been shown to act as an agonist by activating the pathway involving NF $\kappa$ B and MAPK in an IL-1Rrp2 dependent manner. This suggest that IL- $36\alpha$  may signal in a similar fashion to IL-1 and IL-18 in having a binding receptor which upon ligation, recruits a second receptor as a signaling component, forming an active heterodimeric receptor complex.