Elabscience®

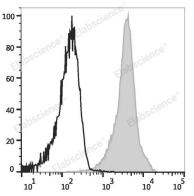
Elab Fluor[®] Violet 450 Anti-Rat CD45 Antibody[OX-1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1227Q

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Mouse
lsotype	Mouse IgG1, ĸ
Clone No.	OX-1
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor [®] Violet 450 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792Q]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor [®] Violet 450
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor [®] Violet 450 is designed to be excited by the violet laser (405 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 450 nm (e.g., a 450/45 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Rat splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor[®] Violet 450 Anti-Rat CD45 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor[®] Violet 450 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage		
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.	1 d
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from pro exposure to light and do not freeze.	longed
Shipping	Ice bag	
Antigen Information		
Alternate Names	LCALy-5T200;Leukocyte common antigen;Ptprc;Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C	
Uniprot ID	P04157	
For Research Use Only	у	
Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623		2-243-6017
Web:www.elabscience.com	Email:techsupport@elabscience.com	Rev. V1.7

Elabscience®

Gene ID Background

19265

CD45 is a 180-220 kD protein also known as leukocyte common antigen (LCA). It is a protein tyrosine phosphatase with multiple isoforms differing as a result of alternative splicing of the extracellular domain and glycosylation. CD45 is expressed on all hematopoietic cells except erythrocytes and platelets; isoform expression depends on cell type, activation state, and cell maturation. CD45 functions in signal transduction through T and B cell antigen receptors. CD45 has been shown to interact with various proteins including galectin-1, CD2, CD3, and CD4. The OX-1 antibody has been shown to partially inhibit NK cell-mediated lysis of syngeneic tumor cells in vitro.