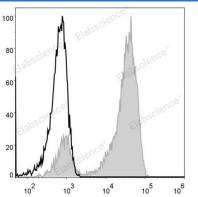
Elab Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Human CD3 Antibody[OKT-3]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1001L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Reactivity	Human		
Host	Mouse		
lsotype	Mouse IgG2a, к		
Clone No.	OKT-3		
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor [®] 488 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802L]		
Conjugation	Elab Fluor [®] 488		
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor [®] 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).		
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.		
Applications	Recommended usage		
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.		

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with Elab

Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Human CD3 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained lymphocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage	9
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	CD3E;CD3e;T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain;T3E
Uniprot ID	P07766

For Research Use	Only
Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623	

Elabscience®

Gene ID Background 916

CD3 ϵ is a 20 kD chain of the CD3/T cell receptor (TCR) complex, which is composed of two CD3 ϵ , one CD3 γ , one CD3 δ , one CD3 ζ (CD247), and a T cell receptor (α/β or γ/δ) heterodimer. It is found on all mature T lymphocytes, NK T cells, and some thymocytes. CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily that plays a role in antigen recognition, signal transduction, and T cell activation.