

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD74 Antibody[LN2]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1072M

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG1, κ

Clone No. LN2

Isotype Control Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792M]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 647

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor® 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected

using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

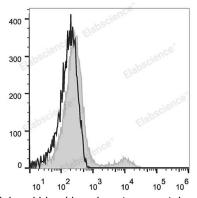
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with Elab

Fluor[®] 647 Anti-Human CD74 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained lymphocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names CD74;DHLAG;HLA class II histocompatibility antigen gamma chain;la antigen-

Web: www.elabscience.cn

associated invariant chain;li;p33

 Uniprot ID
 P04233

 Gene ID
 972

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Background

CD74 is a type II transmembrane glycoprotein also known as MHC class II associated invariant chain, invariant chain, li, MHC class II chaperone, and MIF receptor. CD74 exists in four isoforms with molecular masses of 33, 35, 41, and 43 kD, depending on genetic splicing. CD74 is primarily expressed on antigen presenting cells, including B cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and Langerhans cells. It is also expressed by activated T cells and activated endothelial and epithelial cells as well as carcinomas of lung, renal, gastric and thymic origin. The primary function of CD74 is intracellular sorting of MHC class II molecules and regulation of exogenous peptide loading onto MHC class II. It is also involved in the modulation of B cell differentiation and positive selection of CD4+ T cells. It has been reported that CD74 binds MIF (macrophage migration inhibitory factor) and signals through CD44 to regulate innate and adaptive immunity. It is also reported that H. pylori infection occurs through urease B binding of CD74 on gastric epithelial cells, inducing gastric epithelial cell apoptosis, NF-κB activation, and IL-8 production.