

Recombinant Human CD155/PVR/NECL5 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH033562

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

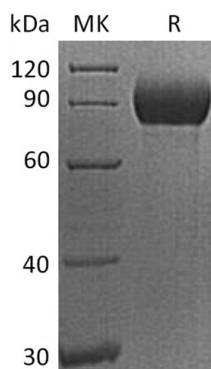
Description

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Species | Human |
| Source | HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD155/PVR/NECL5 protein Trp21-Asn343, with an C-terminal Fc |
| Calculated MW | 62.2 kDa |
| Observed MW | 80-120 kDa |
| Accession | P15151 |
| Bio-activity | Not validated for activity |

Properties

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Purity | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. |
| | Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. |
| Reconstitution | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Poliovirus Receptor (PVR) is a 70 kDa type I transmembrane single-span glycoprotein that belongs to the nectin-like (Nect) family and was originally identified based on its ability to mediate the cell attachment and entry of poliovirus (PV); an etiologic agent of the central nervous system disease poliomyelitis. PVR contains three Ig-like extracellular domains; a transmembrane segment; and a cytoplasmic tail. The normal cellular function of PVR maybe the involvement of intercellular adhesion between epithelial cells. Alternate splicing of the PVR mRNA yields four different isoforms (α ; β ; γ ; and δ) with identical extracellular domains.

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Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Web: www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Fax: 1-832-243-6017