Elabscience®

SMOX Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-90291

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

1:50-1:200

Description	
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human SMOX
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000

Data

IHC



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using SMOX Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Observed-MW:62 kDa

Calculated-MW:20 kDa/43 kDa/56 kDa/59 kDa/61 kDa/65 citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse testis using SMOX Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat brain using SMOX Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining

protocol.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

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Polyamines are ubiquitous polycationic alkylamines which include spermine, spermidine, putrescine, and agmatine. These molecules participate in a broad range of cellular functions which include cell cycle modulation, scavenging reactive oxygen species, and the control of gene expression. These molecules also play important roles in neurotransmission through their regulation of cell-surface receptor activity, involvement in intracellular signalling pathways, and their putative roles as neurotransmitters. This gene encodes an FAD-containing enzyme that catalyzes the oxidation of spermine to spermadine and secondarily produces hydrogen peroxide. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoenzymes have been identified for this gene, some of which have failed to demonstrate significant oxidase activity on natural polyamine substrates. The characterized isoenzymes have distinctive biochemical characteristics and substrate specificities, suggesting the existence of additional levels of complexity in polyamine catabolism.

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