

PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD56/NCAM Antibody[B-A19]

Catalog Number: GFH1305I

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Human;Rhesus;Cynomolgus
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, κ
Clone No.	B-A19
Isotype Control	PE/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792I]
Conjugation	PE/Cyanine 5.5
Conjugation Information	PE/Cyanine5.5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 690 nm (e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

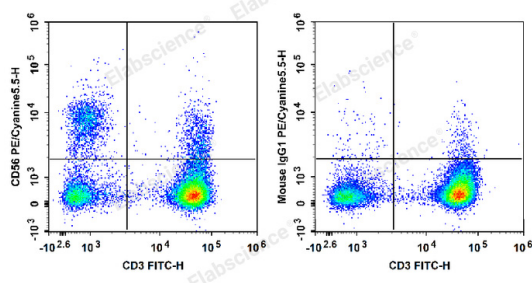
Applications

FCM

Recommended usage

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD56 Antibody (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and PE/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	N-CAM-1;NCAM;NCAM-1;NCAM1;Neural cell adhesion molecule 1
Uniprot ID	P51677

For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100

Web: www.elabscience.cn

Email: techsupport@elabscience.cn

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4684

Background

CD56 is a single transmembrane glycoprotein also known as NCAM (neural cell adhesion molecule), Leu-19, or NKH1. It is a member of the Ig superfamily. The 140 kD isoform is expressed on NK and NKT cells. CD56 is also expressed in the brain (cerebellum and cortex) and at neuromuscular junctions. Certain large granular lymphocyte (LGL) leukemias, small-cell lung carcinomas, neuronal derived tumors, myelomas, and myeloid leukemias also express CD56. CD56 plays a role in homophilic and heterophilic adhesion via binding to itself or heparan sulfate.