

## Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Antibody Pair Set

**Catalog No.** E-KAB-0318 **Applications** ELISA  
**Synonyms** NAP3, GRO1, GRO-A, MGSA, MGSA-A, SCYB1, FSP, CINC-1

### Kit components & Storage

Title	Specifications	Storage
Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 $\mu$ g	Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Detection Antibody (Biotin)	1 vial, 50 $\mu$ L	Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

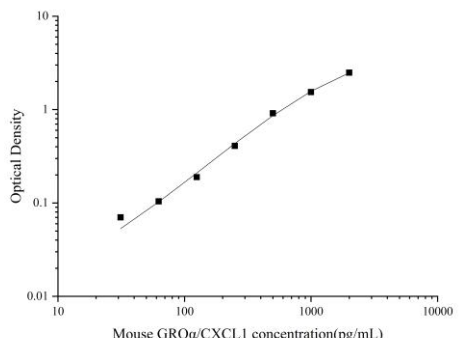
### Product Information

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0318)	
		Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Capture Antibody	Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Detection Antibody (Biotin)
Immunogen Information	Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 protein	Recombinant Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 protein
	Swissprot	P12850	
Product details	Reactivity	Mouse	Mouse
	Host	Rat	Goat
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin
	Concentration	0.5mg/mL	/
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 50% glycerol, pH 7.4	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 1% protective protein, 50% glycerol, pH 7.4
	Purify	Protein A or G	Antigen Affinity
	Specificity	Detects Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 in ELISAs.	

### For Research Use Only

## Applications

### Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended Concentration/Dilution	Reagent	Images
ELISA Capture	0.5-4 $\mu$ g/mL	Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Capture Antibody	
ELISA Detection	1:1000-1:10000	Mouse GRO $\alpha$ /CXCL1 Detection Antibody (Biotin)	

**Note:** This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

## Background

CXCL1 (C-X-C Motif Chemokine Ligand 1) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with CXCL1 include Melanoma and Bacterial Meningitis. Among its related pathways are Peptide ligand-binding receptors and Chemokine Superfamily Pathway: Human/Mouse Ligand-Receptor Interactions. GO annotations related to this gene include receptor binding and chemokine activity. An important paralog of this gene is CXCL2. This antimicrobial gene encodes a member of the CXC subfamily of chemokines. The encoded protein is a secreted growth factor that signals through the G-protein coupled receptor, CXC receptor 2. This protein plays a role in inflammation and as a chemoattractant for neutrophils. Aberrant expression of this protein is associated with the growth and progression of certain tumors. A naturally occurring processed form of this protein has increased chemotactic activity. Alternate splicing results in coding and non-coding variants of this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 4.

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