

Recombinant ATF-4 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: **AN301041L**

Note: *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

Description

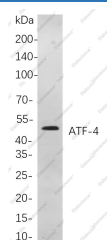
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant Human ATF-4 protein
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone	C110665
Purification	Protein A
Buffer	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications

Recommended Dilution

IHC	1:100-1:200
WB	1:1000-1:5000
IF	1:200-1:1000
ELISA	1:5000-1:20000
IP	1:50-1:200,

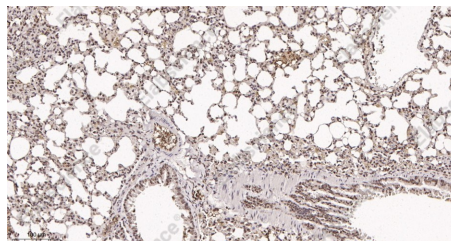
Data



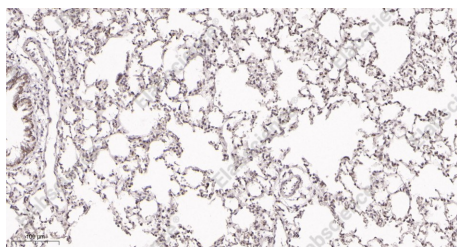
Western Blot with Recombinant ATF-4 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000 dilution. Lane A: Hela cells.

Observed-MW:49 kDa

Calculated-MW:38 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse lung tissue using Recombinant ATF-4 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat lung tissue using Recombinant ATF-4 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bag

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Web: www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Rev. V1.4

Activating transcription factor 4(ATF4) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a transcription factor that was originally identified as a widely expressed mammalian DNA binding protein that could bind a tax-responsive enhancer element in the LTR of HTLV-1. The encoded protein was also isolated and characterized as the cAMP-response element binding protein 2 (CREB-2). The protein encoded by this gene belongs to a family of DNA-binding proteins that includes the AP-1 family of transcription factors, cAMP-response element binding proteins (CREBs) and CREB-like proteins. These transcription factors share a leucine zipper region that is involved in protein-protein interactions, located C-terminal to a stretch of basic amino acids that functions as a DNA binding domain. Two alternative transcripts encoding the same protein have been described. Two pseudogenes are located on the X chromosome at q28 in a region containing a large inverted duplication.