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# Recombinant Human FGFR3/CD333 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH033678

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Species Human

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Human FGFR3; CD333 protein Glu23-Gly375, with an C-terminal

Fc

 Calculated MW
 64.8 kDa

 Observed MW
 95-110 kDa

 Accession
 P22607

Bio-activity Immobilized Human FGF-12 at 2ug/ml (100 μl/well) can bind Human FGFR3-Fc. The

ED<sub>50</sub> of Recombinant Human FGFR3-Fc is 0.5-4 ug/ml.

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

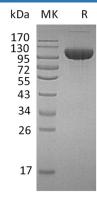
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

# Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

# For Research Use Only

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

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Fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) are involved in a multitude of physiological and pathological cellular processes. The biological activities of the FGFs are mediated by a family of type I transmembrane tyrosine kinases which undergo dimerization and autophosphorylation after ligand binding. Four distinct genes encoding closely related FGF receptors, FGF R1-4, are known. All four genes for FGF Rs encode proteins with an N-terminal signal peptide, three immunoglobulin (Ig)-like domains, an acid-box region containing a run of acidic residues between the IgI and IgII domains, a transmembrane domain and the split tyrosine-kinase domain. Multiple forms of FGF R1-3 are generated by alternative splicing of the mRNAs. A frequent splicing event involving FGF R1 and 2 results in receptors containing all three Ig domains, referred to as the  $\alpha$  isoform, or only IgII and IgIII, referred to as the  $\beta$  isoform. Only the  $\alpha$  isoform has been identified for FGF R3 and FGF R4. Additional splicing events for FGF R1-3, involving the C-terminal half of the IgIII domain encoded by two mutually exclusive alternative exons, generate FGF receptors with alternative IgIII domains (IIIb and IIIc). The complex patterns of expression of these receptors as well as the specificity of their interactions with the various FGF ligand family members are under investigation.

Fax: 1-832-243-6017