Recombinant Human TRAPPC6A/TPC6A protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100911

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Species	Human		
Source	E.coli-derived Human TRAPPC6A protein Met1-Ser173, with an N-terminal His & C		
	terminal His		
Calculated MW	18.9 kDa		
Observed MW	20 kDa		
Accession	O75865-2		
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity		
Properties			
Purity	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.		
Endotoxin	< 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method		
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80		
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of		
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.		
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%		
	Mannitol.		
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of		
	0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.		

Data

KDa	М		R
135	-	-	
100 75		-31	
	1 days	-88	
65		-25	
45	-		
45			
35	-		
25			
		۰.	-
15			
12			

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

TRAPPC6A (trafficking protein particle complex 6A), also known as TRS33 or HSPC289, is a 159 amino acid protein that localizes to the Golgi apparatus and endoplasmic reticulum. Belonging to the TRAPP small subunits family and the BET3 subfamily, TRAPPC6A may play a role in vesicular transport during the biogenesis of melanosomes. TRAPPC6A is part of the multisubunit TRAPP tethering complex, which acts as a GTP exchange factor. TRAPPC6A exists as a heterodimer with TRAPPC3 and undergoes alternative splicing to produce two isoforms. TRAPPC6A is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 19, which consists of approximately 63 million bases and makes up over 2% of human genomic DNA.

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