

# MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-11403

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

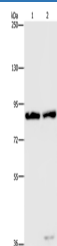
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant protein of human MRE11A
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

## Applications

## Recommended Dilution

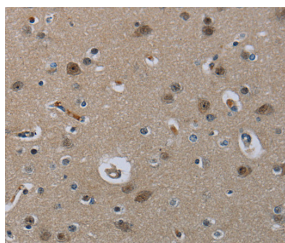
<b>WB</b>	1:500-1:2000
<b>IHC</b>	1:100-1:300

## Data

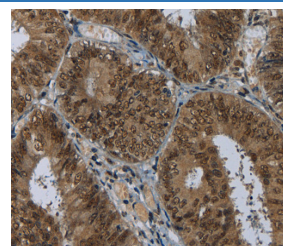


Western Blot analysis of Raji and K562 cell using MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500

**Calculated-MV:81 kDa**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain using MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

## Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

## Background

This gene encodes a nuclear protein involved in homologous recombination, telomere length maintenance, and DNA double-strand break repair. By itself, the protein has 3' to 5' exonuclease activity and endonuclease activity. The protein forms a complex with the RAD50 homolog; this complex is required for nonhomologous joining of DNA ends and possesses increased single-stranded DNA endonuclease and 3' to 5' exonuclease activities. In conjunction with a DNA ligase, this protein promotes the joining of noncomplementary ends in vitro using short homologies near the ends of the DNA fragments. This gene has a pseudogene on chromosome 3. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

## For Research Use Only