

Recombinant Human IL17RA Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH031368

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

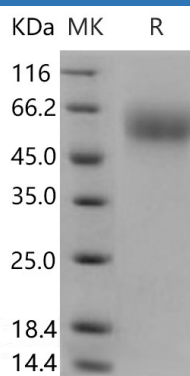
Description

Species	Human
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human IL17RA protein Met 1-Trp 320, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	35.0 kDa
Accession	NP_055154.3
Bio-activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit IL-17-induced IL-6 secretion by NIH- 3T3 mouse embryonic fibroblast cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 0.2- 1.2µg/mL in the presence of 5 ng/mL recombinant human IL- 17.

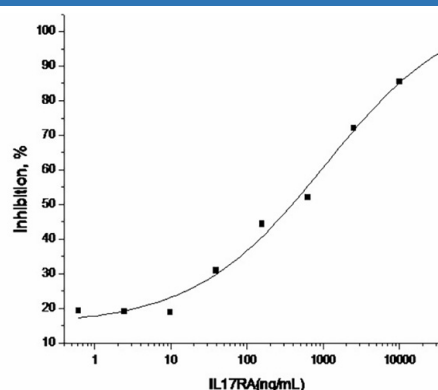
Properties

Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



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Background

For Research Use Only

Interleukin-17 receptor (IL-17R); also known as Interleukin-17 receptor A (IL-17RA) and CD217 antigen (CD217); is a cytokine receptor which binds interleukin 17. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a proinflammatory cytokine secreted by activated T-lymphocytes. It is a potent inducer of the maturation of CD34-positive hematopoietic precursors into neutrophils. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a ubiquitous type I membrane glycoprotein that binds with low affinity to interleukin 17A. Interleukin 17A and its receptor IL-17RA play a pathogenic role in many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis. Like other cytokine receptors; this receptor likely has a multimeric structure. Defects in IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) are the cause of familial candidiasis type 5 (CANDF5). CANDF5 is a rare disorder with altered immune responses and impaired clearance of fungal infections; selective against *Candida*. It is characterized by persistent and/or recurrent infections of the skin; nails and mucous membranes caused by organisms of the genus *Candida*; mainly *Candida albicans*.