

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Human CD16 Antibody[3G8]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1236L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG1, κ

Clone No. 3G8

Isotype Control Elab Fluor® 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792L]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 488

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using

an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

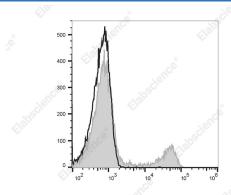
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with Elab

Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Human CD16 Antibody[3G8] (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor[®] 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Web: www.elabscience.cn

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names Fc gamma receptor;Fc gamma receptor 3;FcyRIII

Uniprot ID P08637:075015

Gene ID 941

For Research Use Only



Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Background

CD16 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the lg superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD16 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD16 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD16 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD16 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.