

Recombinant Human Galectin-3/LGALS3 Protein, Low Endotoxin

Catalog Number: PKSH031707



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

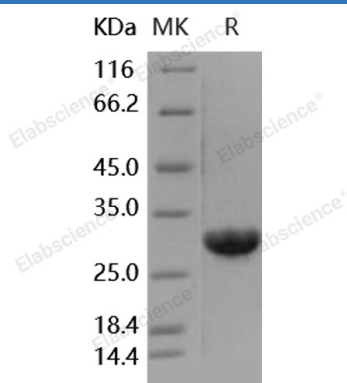
Description

Species	Human
Mol_Mass	27 kDa
Accession	P17931
Bio-activity	Measured by its ability to chemoattract human PBMC using a concentration range of 2.5-25 µg/mL. Note: Results may vary from different PBMC donors.

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Leukotriene A₄ hydrolase; also known as LTA₄ hydrolase; Leukotriene A (4) hydrolase; LTA₄H and LTA₄; is cytoplasm protein which belongs to the peptidase M1 family. LTA₄H hydrolyzes an epoxide moiety of leukotriene A₄ (LTA₄) to form leukotriene B₄ (LTB₄). This enzyme also has some peptidase activity. The leukotrienes (LTs) are a class of structurally related lipid mediators involved in the development and maintenance of inflammatory and allergic reactions. In the biosynthesis of LTs; arachidonic acid was converted into the unstable intermediate epoxide LTA₄; which may in turn be conjugated with glutathione to form the spasmogenic LTC₄; or hydrolyzed into the proinflammatory lipid mediator LTB₄ in a reaction catalyzed by Leukotriene A₄ hydrolase (LTA₄H). LTB₄ is a classical chemoattractant of human neutrophils and triggers adherence and aggregation of leukocytes to vascular endothelium; and also modulates immune responses. As a bifunctional zinc metalloenzyme; LTA₄H also exhibits an anion-dependant arginyl aminopeptidase activity of high efficiency and specificity in addition to its epoxide hydrolase activity. LTA₄H is regarded as a therapeutic target for inflammation.

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