A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Rat E-Cadherin/CDH1 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030272

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Rat

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Rat E-Cadherin/CDH1 protein Met1-Ala713, with an C-terminal

Calculated MW 103.8 kDa Observed MW 116 kDa Accession Q9R0T4

Not validated for activity **Bio-activity**

Properties

> 75 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Purity

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 **Formulation**

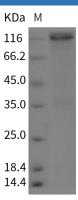
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 75 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

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Cadherins are calcium-dependent cell adhesion proteins which preferentially interact with themselves in a homophilic manner in connecting cells, and thus may contribute to the sorting of heterogeneous cell type. E-cadherin (E-Cad), also known as CDH1 and CD324, is a calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule the intact function of which is crucial for the establishment and maintenance of epithelial tissue polarity and structural integrity. Mutations in CDH1 occur in diffuse type gastric cancer, lobular breast cancer, and endometrial cancer. In human cancers, partial or complete loss of E-cadherin expression correlates with malignancy. During apoptosis or with calcium influx, E-Cad is cleaved by the metalloproteinase to produce fragments of about 38 kDa (E-CAD/CTF1), 33 kDa (E-CAD/CTF2) and 29 kDa (E-CAD/CTF3), respectively. E-Cad has been identified as a potent invasive suppressor, as downregulation of E-cadherin expression is involved in dysfunction of the cell-cell adhesion system, and often correlates with strong invasive potential and poor prognosis of human carcinomas.

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