Folate Binding Protein Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-91239

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human Folate Binding Protein
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:50-1:200
IF	1:50-1:200

Data





Western blot analysis of extracts of Rat brain using Folate Binding Proteinat 1:1000 dilution.

Observed-MW:37 kDa Calculated-MW:29 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat testis using Folate Binding Protein Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with

IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human colon Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using Folate using Folate Binding Protein Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Binding Protein Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

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Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using Folate Binding Protein Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the folate receptor family. Members of this gene family bind folic acid and its reduced derivatives, and transport 5-methyltetrahydrofolate into cells. This gene product is a secreted protein that either anchors to membranes via a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol linkage or exists in a soluble form. Mutations in this gene have been associated with neurodegeneration due to cerebral folate transport deficiency. Due to the presence of two promoters, multiple transcription start sites, and alternative splicing, multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

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