

## Recombinant Human Esterase D/ESD Protein (His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSH032404

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

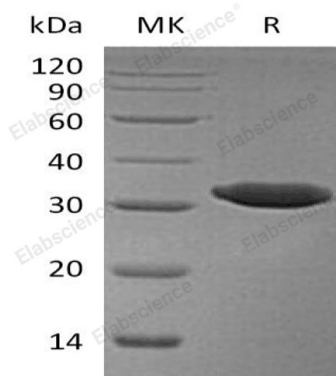
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	E.coli-derived Human Esterase D;ESD protein Met 1-Ala282, with an C-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	32.6 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	31 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	AAH01169
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Concentration</b>	Subject to label value.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0.

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Human Esterase D is a cytoplasmic serine hydrolase that belongs to the esterase D family. Esterase D is involved in the detoxification of formaldehyde. Esterase D plays a part in a variety of substrates, including O-acetylated sialic acids, which may involve in the recycling of sialic acids. Esterase D is used as a genetic marker for retinoblastoma and Wilson's disease.

### For Research Use Only