A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

TGFBR2 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-65842

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human TGFBR2

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

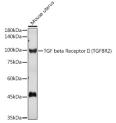
Purification Affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000 **IHC** 1:50-1:200

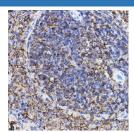
Data



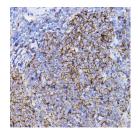
Western blot analysis of extracts of Mouse uterus using TGF beta Receptor II (TGF beta Receptor II (TGFBR2))

Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Observed-MW:90 kDa Calculated-MW:64 kDa/67 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat spleen using TGF beta Receptor II (TGF beta Receptor II (TGFBR2)) Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse spleen using TGF beta Receptor II (TGF beta Receptor II (TGFBR2)) Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Background

This gene encodes a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family and the TGFB receptor subfamily. The encoded protein is a transmembrane protein that has a protein kinase domain, forms a heterodimeric complex with another receptor protein, and binds TGF-beta. This receptor/ligand complex phosphorylates proteins, which then enter the nucleus and regulate the transcription of a subset of genes related to cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Marfan Syndrome, Loeys-Deitz Aortic Aneurysm Syndrome, and the development of various types of tumors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been characterized.

Fax: 1-832-243-6017