Elabscience®

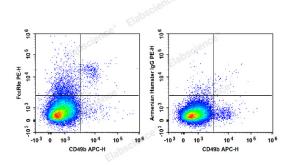
PE Anti-Mouse FcεRlα Antibody[MAR-1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1188D

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Reactivity	Mouse	
Host	Armenian Hamster	
lsotype	Armenian Hamster IgG	
Clone No.	MAR-1	
Isotype Control	PE Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product E-AB-F09852D]	
Conjugation	PE	
Conjugation Information	PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter).	
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.	
Applications	Recommended usage	
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.	

Data



C57BL/6 murine bone marrow cells are stained with APC Anti-Mouse CD49b Antibody and PE Anti-Mouse FccRIa Antibody (Left). Bone marrow cells stained with APC Anti-Mouse CD49b Antibody and PE Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control (Right) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage		
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.	
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected fro exposure to light and do not freeze.	m prolonged
Shipping	Ice bag	
Antigen Information		
Alternate Names	Fc-epsilon RI-alpha;FcERI;Fcer1a;High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon subunit alpha	receptor
For Research Use Only		
Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623	Tel: 4, 022, 242, 6026	

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Uniprot ID Gene ID Background

P20489

14125

FccRI α is a transmembrane protein belonging to the Ig superfamily. FccRI α forms a tetrameric complex with one β and two γ -subunits. The FccRI complex plays an important role in triggering IgE-mediated allergic reactions. It is abundantly expressed on mast and basophils and up-regulated by the presence of IgE. Following stimulation via FccRI α , mast cells and basophils release bioactive chemical mediators such as histamine, resulting in the initiation of allergic reactions. Cross linking of the high-affinity receptor for IgE on tissue mast cells triggers immediate hypersensitivity with local symptoms. The MAR-1 monoclonal antibody reacts with the FccRI α subunit.

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