



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Pan-Akt Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-30465

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Pan-Akt around the non-phosphorylation

site of Ser473.

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

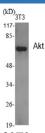
PurificationAffinity purificationConjugationUnconjugated

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

protectant and 50% glycerol.

Applications	Recommended Dilution	
WB	1:500-1:2000	
THC	1:100-1:300	

Data



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using Pan-Akt Polyclonal

Antibody at dilution of 1:2000.

Observed-MW:56 kDa Calculated-MW:56 kDa

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

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Plays a role as a key modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including correct neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation (By similarity). General protein kinase capable of phosphorylating several known proteins. Phosphorylates TBC1D4. Signals downstream of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI(3)K) to mediate the effects of various growth factors such as platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), epidermal growth factor (EGF), insulin and insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I). Plays a role in glucose transport by mediating insulin-induced translocation of the GLUT4 glucose transporter to the cell surface. Mediates the antiapoptotic effects of IGF-I. Mediates insulin-stimulated protein synthesis by phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-939' and 'Thr-1462', thereby activating mTORC1 signaling and leading to both phosphorylation of 4E-BP1 and in activation of RPS6KB1. Promotes glycogen synthesis by mediating the insulin-induced activation of glycogen synthase. The activated form can suppress FoxO gene transcription and promote cell cycle progression. Essential for the SPATA13-mediated regulation of cell migration and adhesion assembly and disassembly.

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