Purified Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody[16-10A1], Functional Grade

catalog number: **E-AB-F09920**

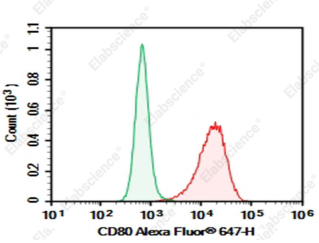
Note: *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

Description

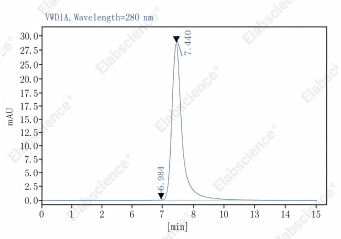
Reactivity	Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse CD80 protein
Host	Armenian Hamster
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Clone	16-10A1
Purification	>98%, Protein A/G purified
Buffer	Sterile PBS, pH 7.2. < 1.0 EU per mg of the antibody as determined by the LAL method.

Applications	Recommended Dilution
FCM	≤ 0.2 μg per million cells in 100 μL volume
Block	Reported in the literature

Data



Raw264.7 were stained with 0.2 μg Purified Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody[16-10A1] (Right) and 0.2 μg Armenian hamster IgG, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by Elab Fluor® 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Armenian hamster IgG Secondary Antibody.



Raw264.7 were stained with 0.2 μg Purified Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody[16-10A1] (Right) and 0.2 μg Armenian hamster IgG, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by Elab Fluor® 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Armenian hamster IgG Secondary Antibody.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles. This preparation contains no preservatives, thus it should be handled under aseptic conditions.
Shipping	Ice bag

Background

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Fax: 1-832-243-6017
Web: www.elabscience.com
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

CD80 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the Ig superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD80 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD80 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD80 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD80 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.

None (Azide-Free,Low Endotoxin) are perfectly suited to be used in culture or in vivo (for nonhuman studies) for functional assays blocking, neutralizing, activation or depletion where the presence of azide may damage cells or exogenous endotoxin may signal or activate cells.

Application References

Swadhinya Arjunaraja, et al. J Immunol. 2012 Jun 1;188(11):5238-46.