

## PE/Cyanine5.5 Anti-Human CD57 Antibody[HNK-1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1067I

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgM, κ
Clone No.	HNK-1
Isotype Control	PE/Cyanine5.5 Mouse IgM, κ Isotype Control[MM-30] [Product E-AB-F09782I]
Conjugation	PE/Cyanine 5.5
Conjugation Information	PE/Cyanine5.5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 690 nm (e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

### Applications

#### Recommended usage

#### FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

### Preparation & Storage

#### Storage

Keep as concentrated solution.  
This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.

#### Shipping

Ice bag

### Antigen Information

#### Alternate Names

HNK-1;Leu-7;NK-1

#### Uniprot ID

Q9P2W7

#### Gene ID

27087

#### Background

CD57, also known as HNK-1, NK-1, and Leu-7 is a 100-115 kD oligosaccharide antigenic determinant expressed on a variety of proteins, lipids, and chondroitin sulfate proteoglycans. CD57 is expressed on a subset of peripheral blood lymphocytes, including NK cells and CD8+ T cells, and is also expressed on neural cells and striated muscle. CD57 is not expressed on red blood cells, granulocytes, monocytes, or platelets. While the function of CD57 is unknown, binding to L-selectin, P-selectin, and a fragment of laminin suggests that CD57 may be involved in cell-matrix interactions. CD57 is increased in some disease states associated with CD4/CD8 imbalances (AIDS, autoimmune disease, viral infections, and allograft transplants).

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