

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# Recombinant KRT14/Cytokeratin 14 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN300289P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Reactivity Human

**Immunogen** A synthetic peptide corresponding to the N-terminus of the human Cytokeratin 14.

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG
Clone 1A7
Purification Protein A

Buffer 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS

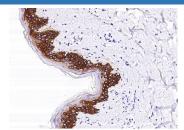
## Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000

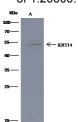
IHC-P 1:10000-1:20000

IP 1-4 μL/mg of lysate

#### Data

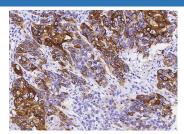


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human skin using KRT14/Cytokeratin 14 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:20000.

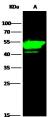


Immunoprecipitation analysis using 2 μL anti-KRT14
Monoclonal Antibody and 60 μg of Immunomagnetic beads
Protein G. Western blot was performed from the
immunoprecipitate using KRT14 Monoclonal Antibody at a
dilution of 1:100. Lane A:0.5 mg A431 Whole Cell Lysate

Observed-MW:52 kDa Calculated-MW:52 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human esophageal carcinoma using KRT14/Cytokeratin 14 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:20000.



Western Blot with Cytokeratin14 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500 dilution. Lane A: A431 Whole Cell Lysate, Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

Observed-MW:52 kDa Calculated-MW:52 kDa

## Preparation & Storage

**Storage** This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of

activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

### For Research Use Only

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## **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**

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## **Background**

This gene encodes a member of the keratin family, the most diverse group of intermediate filaments. This gene product, a type I keratin, is usually found as a heterotetramer with two keratin 5 molecules, a type II keratin. Together they form the cytoskeleton of epithelial cells. Mutations in the genes for these keratins are associated with epidermolysis bullosa simplex. At least one pseudogene has been identified at 17p12-p11.

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