A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

## **AMPK alpha2 Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: D-AB-10161L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant Rat Ampk2 protein expressed by E.coli

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

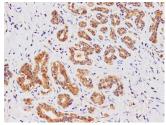
Purification Antigen Affinity Purification

Buffer PBS with 0.05% Proclin300, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4

#### **Recommended Dilution Applications** WB 1:500-1:1000 1:100-1:200 IHC IF 1:100-1:400

#### Data

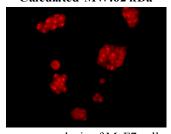


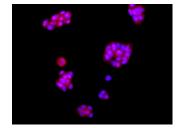


1:1000.lane 1:Hep G2 whole cell lysate, lane 2:Hela whole cell lysate, lane 3:NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate

Western blot with Ampk2 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast using AMPK alpha2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100

Observed-MW:62 kDa Calculated-MW:62 kDa





Immunofluorescence analysis of McF7 cells using AMPK alpha2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100

Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cells using AMPK alpha2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100

### **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

### **Background**

### For Research Use Only

Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com Web:www.elabscience.com

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The protein encoded by this gene is a catalytic subunit of the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a heterotrimer consisting of an alpha catalytic subunit, and non-catalytic beta and gamma subunits. AMPK is an important energy-sensing enzyme that monitors cellular energy status. In response to cellular metabolic stresses, AMPK is activated, and thus phosphorylates and inactivates acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) and beta-hydroxy beta-methylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMGCR), key enzymes involved in regulating de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid and cholesterol. Studies of the mouse counterpart suggest that this catalytic subunit may control whole-body insulin sensitivity and is necessary for maintaining myocardial energy homeostasis during ischemia.

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