## **CUL4A Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-19279



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse

Immunogen Synthetic peptide of human CUL4A

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

**Purification** Antigen affinity purification

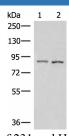
**Conjugation** Unconjugated

buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

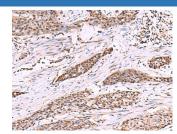
| Applications | Recommended Dilution |
|--------------|----------------------|
|              | 4 700 4 4000         |

**WB** 1:500-1:2000 **IHC** 1:50-1:300

#### Data



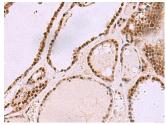
Western blot analysis of 231 and HepG2 cell lysates using CUL4A Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:600



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using CUL4A Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:55(×200)

### **Observed-MV:Refer to figures**

#### Calculated-MV:88 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using CUL4A Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:55(×200)

### Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

#### **Background**

### For Research Use Only

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Cullin proteins assemble a large number of RINGE3 ubiquitin ligases, participating in the proteolysis through the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. Two cullin 4 (CUL4) proteins, CUL4A (87 kDa) and CUL4B(104 kDa), have been identified. The two CUL4 sequences are 83% identical. They target certain proteins for degradation by binding protein DDB1 to form a CUL4-DDB1 ubiquitin ligase complex with DDB. They form two individual E3 ligases, DDB1-CUL4ADDB2 and DDB1-CUL4BDDB2 in this process. CUL4A appeared in both the nucleus and the cytosol, suggesting a more complex mechanism for entering the nucleus. CUL4B is localized in the nucleus and facilitates the transfer of DDB1 into the nucleus independently of DDB2.