

Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Antibody Pair Set

| | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| Catalog No. | E-KAB-0562 | Applications | ELISA |
| Synonyms | APO2L;Apo2-L;TL2;CD253 | | |

Kit components & Storage

| Title | Specifications | Storage |
|---|----------------|---|
| Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Capture Antibody | 1 vial, 100 µg | Store at -20℃ for one year. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Detection Antibody (Biotin) | 1 vial, 50 µL | Store at -20℃ for one year. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

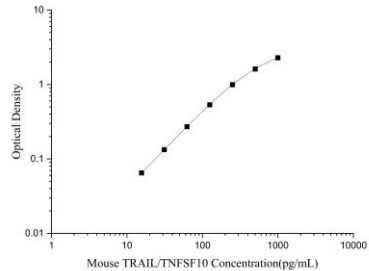
Product Information

| Items | | Characteristic (E-KAB-0562) | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--|---|
| | | Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Capture Antibody | Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Detection Antibody (Biotin) |
| Immunogen Information | Immunogen | Recombinant Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 protien | Recombinant Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 protien |
| | Swissprot | P50592 | |
| Product details | Reactivity | Mouse | Mouse |
| | Host | Rat | Goat |
| | Conjugation | Unconjugated | Biotin |
| | Concentration | 0.5 mg/mL | / |
| | Buffer | PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 50% glycerol; pH 7.5 | PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 1% protective protein; 50% glycerol; pH 7.5 |
| | Purify | Protein A or G | Antigen Affinity |
| | Specificity | Detects Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 in ELISAs. | |

For Research Use Only

Applications

Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Sandwich ELISA Assay

| | Recommended Concentration/Dilution | Reagent | Images |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| ELISA Capture | 0.5-4 µg/mL | Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Capture Antibody |  |
| ELISA Detection | 1:1000-1:10000 | Mouse TRAIL/TNFSF10 Detection Antibody (Biotin) | |

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor contains an extracellular TRAIL-binding domain and a transmembrane domain, but no cytoplasmic death domain. This receptor is not capable of inducing apoptosis, and is thought to function as an antagonistic receptor that protects cells from TRAIL-induced apoptosis. This gene was found to be a p53-regulated DNA damage-inducible gene. The expression of this gene was detected in many normal tissues but not in most cancer cell lines, which may explain the specific sensitivity of cancer cells to the apoptosis-inducing activity of TRAIL.

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