

Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD(K417N, E484K, N501Y)(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSV030368

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species SARS-CoV-2

Source HEK293 Cells-derived SARS-CoV-2 SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD(K417N, E484K, N501Y)

protein Arg319-Phe541, with an C-terminal His

Calculated MW 26.6 kDa Observed MW 35 kDa

Accession YP 009724390.1

Immobilized human ACE2 protein (Fc tag)(Cat: PKSH031870) at 2 μg/mL (100 **Bio-activity**

μL/well) can bind SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike RBD(K417N, E484K, N501Y)-

His (PKSV030368), the EC₅₀ of PKSV030368 is 5-40 ng/mL.

Properties

Purity > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. Endotoxin

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 Storage

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Formulation

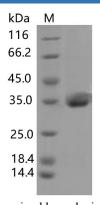
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

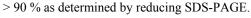
before lyophilization.

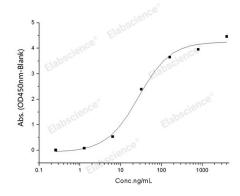
Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data







Immobilized human ACE2 protein (Fc tag)(Cat: PKSH031870) at 2 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike RBD(K417N, E484K, N501Y)-His (PKSV030368), the EC50 of PKSV030368 is 5-40 ng/mL.

Background

For Research Use Only

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The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

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