H2AFJ Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-19114

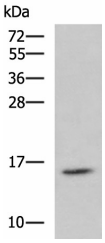
Note: *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

Description

Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	Fusion protein of human H2AFJ
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:200-1:300

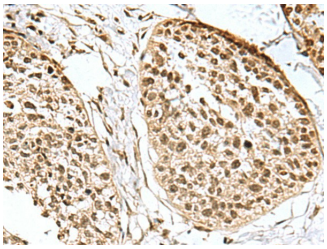
Data



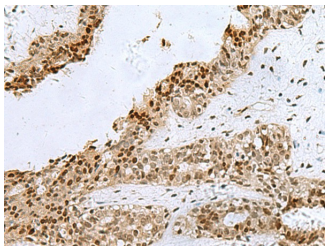
Western blot analysis of Jurkat cell lysate using H2AFJ Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:800

Observed-MW:Refer to figures

Calculated-MW:14 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using H2AFJ Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:170(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using H2AFJ Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:170(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt,store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is located on chromosome 12 and encodes a replication-independent histone that is a variant H2A histone. The protein is divergent at the C-terminus compared to the consensus H2A histone family member. This gene also encodes an antimicrobial peptide with antibacterial and antifungal activity.