

Recombinant Mouse CD16-2/FCGR4 Protein (His&AVI Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM040892

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

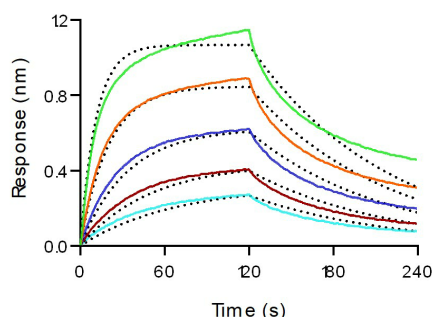
Description

Species	Mouse
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse CD16-2/FCGR4 protein Met 1-Gln 203, with an C-terminal His & Avi
Calculated MW	24.2 kDa
Observed MW	25-35 kDa
Accession	NP_653142.2
Bio-activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized mouse CD16-2-AVI-His at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind recombinant human IgG1 (Fc). The EC ₅₀ of human IgG1 (Fc) is 0.34-0.78 µg/ml.

Properties

Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



Loaded Recombinant Mouse FCGR4 Protein, His Tag (Cat: PKSM040892) on His1K Biosensor, can bind Monoclonal Anti-Human CD3 Antibody, Mouse IgG2a (OKT3) with an affinity constant of 17.5nM as determined in BLI assay (Sartorius Octet RED384)(QC tested).

Background

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Fcgr4, also known as CD16-2, is one of the receptors for Fc region of IgG which involve in immune responses. Fcgr4 mainly functions in cellular response to lipopolysaccharide, NK T cell proliferation, regulation of sensory perception of pain, wound healing etc. Three groups are included for Fc γ receptors (FcR), and they are Fc γ RI (CD64), Fc γ RII (CD32), and Fc γ RIII (CD16). Among these, CD64 possess high affinity even for monomeric IgG, while CD32 and CD16 display a relative lower affinity for IgG. Genes encodes these receptors are diverse differing by species and cell types. The aggregation of FcR having immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) activates sequentially src family tyrosine kinases and syk family tyrosine kinases that connect transduced signals to common activation pathways shared with other receptors. FcR with ITAMs elicit cell activation, endocytosis, and phagocytosis. Fcgr4 belongs to Fc γ RIII (CD16) group.

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