# Recombinant Human IGFBP-7 protein (His Tag)

## Catalog Number: PDMH100099

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Species	Human	
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human IGFBP-7 protein Met1-Leu282, with an C-terminal His	
Calculated MW	30.9 kDa	
Observed MW	32 kDa	
Accession	Q16270	
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity	
Properties		
Purity	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method	
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80	
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of	
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.	
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%	
	Mannitol.	
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of	
	0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.	
	0.5 mg/mil. concentration is measured by 0 v-vis.	

#### Data

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> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 7(IGFBP-7) is a secreted glycosylated protein that contains three protein domain modules. IGFBP7 contains an N-terminal IGFBP domain, followed by a Kazal-type serine proteinase inhibitor domain and a C-terminal immunoglobulin-like C2-type domain. Human and mouse IGFBP7 are highly homologous and share 94% as sequence identity. It is expressed in many normal tissues and in cancer cells. It is abundantly expressed in high endothelial venules (HEVs) of blood vessels in the secondary lymphoid tissues. It binds IGF and insulin with very low affinity and has been shown to enhance the mitogenic actions of IGF and insulin. IGFBP7 also has IGF/insulin-independent activities. It interacts with heparan sulfate proteoglycans, type IV collagen, and specific chemokines. It supports weak cell adhesion, promotes cell spreading on type IV collagen, and stimulates the production of the potent vasodilator PGI2. It modulates tumor cell growth and has also been implicated in angiogenesis.

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