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IFN-alpha 1 Monoclonal Antibody(Capture)

catalog number: AN002640P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Descri	JULUI

Reactivity Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse IFN-alpha 1 protein expressed by Mammalian

HostRatIsotypeRat IgG2aClone7B2

Purification Protein A/G Purification

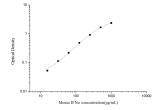
Conjugation Unconjugated

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% proclin 300.

Applications Recommended Dilution

ELISA Capture 2-8 μg/mL

Data



Sandwich ELISA-Recombinant Mouse IFN-alpha 1 protein standard curve. Background subtracted standard curve using IFN-alpha 1 antibody(AN002640P)(Capture), IFN-alpha 1 antibody(AN002650P)(Detector) in sandwich ELISA. The reference range value for Recombinant Mouse IFN-alpha 1 protein is 62.5-4000 ng/mL.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /

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thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

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The interferons (IFN) are a family of cytokines with potent antiviral, antiproliferative and immunomodulatory properties, and classified based on their binding specificity to cell surface receptors. The type I IFN bind to the interferon alpha receptor (IFNAR), which consists of two subunits: IFNAR1 (alpha -subunit) and IFNAR2 (beta -subunit). This binding contributes to TNF-alpha induced signaling. Both the human and mouse genome code for more than a dozen closely related IFNa subtypes and the varous IFN a share about 80% sequence homology among them. Interferon-alpha 1 (IFNA1) is a secreted, approximately 19 kDa member of the type I interferon family of molecules. Mature mouse IFN-alpha 1 shares 63% and 82% amino acid sequence identity with human and rat IFN-alpha 1, respectively. Low level IFN-alpha is detected under physiological conditions, and the production of IFNs is markedly enhanced during virus infection. Although originally discovered by its capability to fight virus replication, IFN-alpha functions as a prototypic tumor suppressor that represses the clinical tumorigenic phenotype in some malignancies.

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