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OxLDL Monoclonal Antibody(Detector)

catalog number: AN001330P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Descri	ntion
	DULUL

Reactivity Human

Immunogen Human OxLDL Native Protein

Host Mouse
Isotype Mouse IgGl
Clone 15F5

Purification Protein A/G Purification

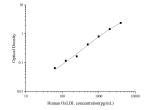
Conjugation Unconjugated

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% proclin 300.

Applications Recommended Dilution

ELISA Detector $0.1-0.4 \mu g/mL$

Data



Sandwich ELISA-Human OxLDL Native Protein standard curve. Background subtracted standard curve using OxLDL antibody(AN001320P)(Capture),OxLDL antibody(AN001330P)(Detector) in sandwich ELISA. The reference range value for Human OxLDL Native Protein is 62.5-4000 pg/mL.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /

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thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

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Oxidized IDI (Ox-IDI) is a class of modified IDI. In addition to oxidation-modified IDI, modified IDI also includes acetylated IDI directly combined with malondialdehyde (MDA) and 4-hydroxylenic acid (4-HNE). These IDI which are not oxidation-modified but only chemically modified are called derived IDI. Different from derived IDI,Ox-IDI has unique physiological characteristics in the following aspects: (1) Ox-IDI can affect the metabolism of arachidonic acid and inhibit the esterification of cholesterol,but the derived IDI has no such effect,(2) Ox-IDI consumes endogenous antioxidant substances in IDI and reduces vitamin E content in IDI,while MDA-IDI has no such effect,(3) Oxidative modification involves lipid peroxidation,and PUFAs in IDI are oxidized,(4) When oxidized IDI is low in oxidation degree,ApoB degrades,When the oxidation degree is high,ApoB can be repolymerized. Ox-IDI is not metabolized by IDI receptors,and is recognized,bound,and endocytosed into cells by scavorator receptors. The normal cholesterol metabolism pathway is lost,resulting in intracellular lipid deposition and foam-like transformation.

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