

## Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD62L Antibody[MEL-14]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1011UM1

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	MEL-14
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

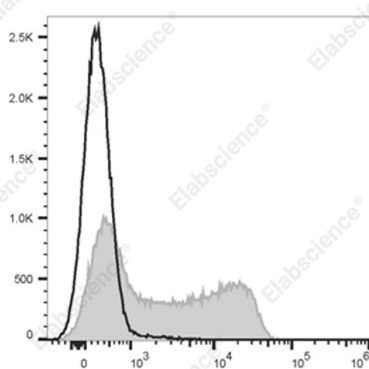
### Applications

### Recommended usage

#### FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 µg/10<sup>6</sup> cells in 100 µL volume].

### Data



Staining of C57BL/6 murine splenocytes with Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD62L Antibody[MEL14] (filled gray

histogram) or Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CD62L;CD62 antigen-like family member L;L-selectin;LAM-1;LECAM1;Lnhr;Ly-22;Ly22;Lymph node homing receptor;Sell
Uniprot ID	P18337

### For Research Use Only

**Gene ID**

20343

**Background**

CD62L is a 74-95 kD glycoprotein also known as L-selectin, LECAM-1, Ly-22, LAM-1, and MEL-14. It is a member of the selectin family and is expressed on the majority of B and naïve T cells, a subset of memory T cells, monocytes, granulocytes, most thymocytes, and a subset of NK cells. CD62L is important in lymphocyte homing to high endothelial venules (HEV) in peripheral lymph nodes and leukocyte 'rolling' on activated endothelium. CD62L also contributes to neutrophil emigration at inflammatory sites. CD62L is rapidly shed from lymphocytes and neutrophils upon cellular activation and the expression levels of CD62L (in conjunction with other markers) have been used to distinguish naïve, effector, and memory T cells. CD62L has been reported to interact with CD34, GlyCAM-1, and MAdCAM-1.