

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD32 Antibody[IV-3]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1075M

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG2b, κ

Clone No. IV-3

Isotype Control Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[MPC-11] [Product E-AB-F09812M]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 647

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor[®] 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected

using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

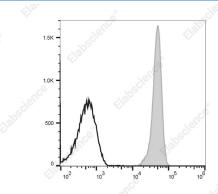
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood granulocytes are stained with Elab

Fluor[®] 647 Anti-Human CD32 Antibody[IV-3] (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor[®] 647 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names IGFR2;CD32;CDw32;FCG2;FCGR2B;Fc-gamma RII-b;Fc-gamma-RIIb;FcRII-b;lgG Fc

Web: www.elabscience.cn

receptor II-b;Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-b

 Uniprot ID
 P31994

 Gene ID
 2212

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Background

CD32 is a 40 kD polymorphic transmembrane glycoprotein also known as FcyRll and FCRII. It is an immunoglobulin superfamily member expressed on monocytes/macrophages, granulocytes, platelets and B cells. There are at least 6 isoforms of CD32 resulting from alternative mRNA splicing. CD32 mediates phagocytosis and oxidative burst in granulocytes, as well as platelet aggregation and immunomodulatio n. The extracellular domain of CD32 binds to polymeric and aggregated IgG and immune complexes, while the intracellular domain has been reported to associate with SHP-1 (B1 isoform).