

## PE Anti-Mouse IL-2 Antibody[JES6-5H4]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1201UD

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

<b>Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rat
<b>Isotype</b>	Rat IgG2b, $\kappa$
<b>Clone No.</b>	JES6-5H4
<b>Isotype Control</b>	PE Rat IgG2b, $\kappa$ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product E-AB-F09843D]
<b>Conjugation</b>	PE
<b>Conjugation Information</b>	PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter).
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

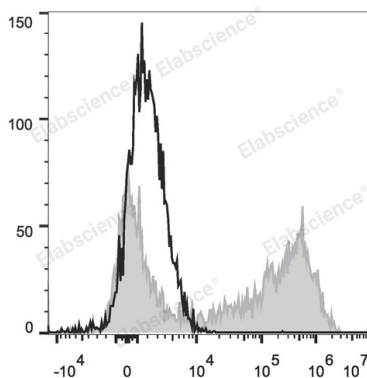
### Applications

### Recommended usage

#### FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu\text{g}/10^6$  cells in 100  $\mu\text{L}$  volume].

### Data



HEK293T cells transiently transfected with pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Mouse IL-2 gene are stained with PE Anti-Mouse IL-2 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or PE Rat IgG2b,  $\kappa$  Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

<b>Alternate Names</b>	IL-2;IL2;Interleukin-2;T-cell growth factor;TCGF
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P04351
<b>Gene ID</b>	16183

### For Research Use Only

## Background

IL-2 is a potent lymphoid cell growth factor which exerts its biological activity primarily on T cells. Additionally, IL-2 has been found to stimulate growth and differentiation of B cells, NK cells, LAK cells, monocytes, and oligodendrocytes.