

Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD41 Antibody[MWReg30]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1183M1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

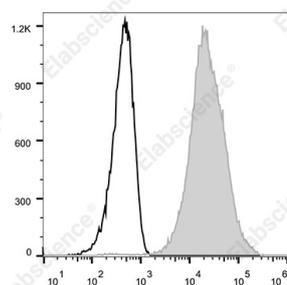
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG1, κ
Clone No.	MWReg30
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control[HRPN] [Product E-AB-F09822M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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Data



Staining of normal C57BL/6 murine peripheral blood cells with Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD41 Antibody[MWReg30] (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control(empty black histogram). Cells in the platelets gate were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CD41; GPIIb; GPalpha lib; Itga2b
Uniprot ID	Q9QUM0
Gene ID	16399

For Research Use Only

Background

CD41, also known as integrin $\alpha 2b$ and GPIIb, is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is expressed by platelets and megakaryocytes. It was reported that CD41 is also expressed on hematopoietic progenitors. CD41 associates with CD61 (integrin $\beta 3$) to form complexes that interact with fibrinogen, fibronectin, von Willebrand factor, and thrombin. CD41 is required for platelet adhesion and aggregation. Defect of CD41 leads to disorders of coagulation.