A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

## Recombinant Human CD10/Neprilysin Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH033583

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

	OC	cri	nt	OH
JU		VIII.	34.7	

Species Human

**Source** HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD10/Neprilys in protein Tyr52-Trp750, with an N-

terminal His

 Mol\_Mass
 80.9 kDa

 Accession
 P08473

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

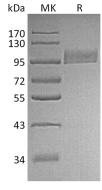
**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

**Formulation** Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

## Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## **Background**

Neprilysin/CD10(NEP) is a zinc metallopeptidase expressed at the cell surface of a variety of cells. The functions is both as an endopeptidase with a thermolysin-like specificity and as a dipeptidyl-carboxypeptidase. NEP has been shown to be involved in the degradation of enkephalins in the mammalian brain and the inactivation of circulating atrial natriuretic peptide. NEP has also been identified as the common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen (CALLA), and is expressed on the surface of lymphocytes in some disease states. These and other observations have resulted in considerable interest in NEP as a target for analgesics and antihypertensive drugs. NEP is also a major degrading enzyme of amyloid  $\beta$  peptide (A $\beta$ ) in the brain, indicating that down-regulation of NEP activity, which could be caused by aging, can contribute to the development of Alzheimer's disease by promoting A $\beta$  accumulation.