Recombinant Human ITPase/ITPA Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032588

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Species	Human	
Source	E.coli-derived Human ITPase; ITPA protein Ala2-Ala194, with an C-terminal His	
Calculated MW	22.5 kDa	
Observed MW	21 kDa	
Accession	Q9BY32	
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity	
Properties		
Purity	>95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Concentration	Subject to label value.	
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Storage	Store at $<$ -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.	
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel	
	packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at $< -20^{\circ}$ C.	
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 5% Trehalose, 300mM NaCl,	
	30% Glycerol, 0.05% Tween 80, pH8.0.	
Data		
kDa	MK	
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> 95 % as determin	ned by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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Background

Inosine Triphosphate Pyrophosphatase (ITPase) is a cytoplasmic enzyme that belongs to the HAM1 NTPase family. ITPase hydrolyzes the non-canonical purine nucleotides inosine triphosphate (ITP) and deoxyinosine triphosphate (dITP) to the monophosphate nucleotide (IMP) and diphosphate. The ITPase enzyme acts as a homodimer and does not distinguish between the deoxy- and ribose forms. ITPase probably excludes non-canonical purines from RNA and DNA precursor pools, thus preventing their incorporation into RNA and DNA and avoiding chromosomal lesions. Defects in ITPase is thought to be inherited and is characterized by an over-accumulation of ITP in erythocytes, leukocytes and fibroblasts.