A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Mouse CD64/FCGR1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM041015

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

\mathbf{r}							
H)	es	C	m	n	т	ſΠ	ï

Species Mouse

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse CD64/FCGR1 protein Glu25-Pro297, with an C-terminal

His

Calculated MW 31.5 kDa
Observed MW 40-60 kDa
Accession P26151

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

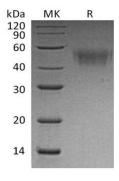
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

CD64, also known as Fc-gamma receptor 1 (Fc γ RI), is a type of integral membrane glycoprotein that binds monomeric Ig G-type antibodies with high affinity. After binding IgG, CD64 interacts with an accessory chain known as the common γ chain (γ chain), which possesses an ITAM motif that is necessary for triggering cellular activation. CD64 is composed of a signal peptide, three extracellular immunoglobulin domains of the C2-type used to bind antibody, a hydrophobic transmembrane domain, and a short cytoplasmic tail. CD64 mediates endocytosis, phagocytosis, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity, cytokine release, and superoxide production. It is normally expressed on the surfaces of monocytes and macrophages.

For Research Use Only