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# FITC Anti-Human HLA-DQ Antibody[1a3]

Catalog Number: AN00421C

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

**Isotype** Mouse IgG2a, κ

Clone No. 1a3

Isotype Control FITC Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802C]

Conjugation FITC

Conjugation Information FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical

filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

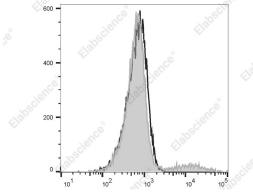
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

#### Applications Recommended usage

**FCM** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5  $\mu$ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100  $\mu$ L staining volume or per 100  $\mu$ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

#### **Data**



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with FITC Anti-Human HLA-DQ Antibody[1a3] (filled gray histogram) or FITC Mouse IgG2a Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Cells in the lymphocytes gate were used for analysis.

#### **Preparation & Storage**

**Storage** Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Web: www.elabscience.cn

Shipping Ice bag

#### **Antigen Information**

Alternate Names MHC class II DQ monomorphic antigen;MHC II

 Uniprot ID
 P01906

 Gene ID
 3117

## For Research Use Only

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#### **Background**

HLA-DQ is also known as MHC class II DQ monomorphic antigen. The major histocompatibility complex is composed of two heterodimeric glycoproteins ( $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  chains) with apparent molecular weights of 27 and 32 kD. In contrast to other MHC class II molecules, both polypeptide chains of HLA-DQ are polymorphic, with the  $\alpha$  chain showing an extremely high degree of polymorphism. HLA-DQ is expressed on B cells in the peripheral blood, and weakly expressed on activated T cells and some monocytes. HLA-DQ is absent on hematopoietic progenitors, resting T cells, erythrocytes, and platelets. HLA-DQ is expressed after HLA-DR and HLA-DP in hematopoietic development. HLA-DQ presents peptide fragments mainly from degraded intravesicular and extracellular proteins to CD4+ T lymphocytes. Specific alleles of HLA-DQ have been linked to the pathogenesis of several autoimmune diseases (including diabetes), both as a susceptibility and resistance factor depending on the particular polymorphism.