

Recombinant Human CD86/B7-2 Protein (aa 1-239,His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH031474

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

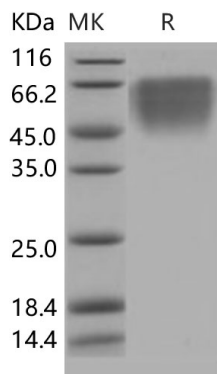
Description

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Species | Human |
| Source | HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD86/B7-2 protein Met 1-His 239, with an C-terminal His |
| Calculated MW | 26.2 kDa |
| Observed MW | 55-60 kDa |
| Accession | NP_008820.2 |
| Bio-activity | Immobilized human CD86 at 20 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind human CD28 with a linear ranger of 32-800 ng/ml. |

Properties

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Purity | > 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. |
| Reconstitution | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |

Data



> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

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CD86; also known as B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-2 (referred to as B70); is a member of the cell surface immunoglobulin superfamily. B7-2 exists predominantly as a monomer on cell surfaces and interacts with two co-stimulatory receptors CD28 and cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated antigen 4 (CTLA-4) expressed on T cells; and thus induces the signal pathways which regulate T cell activation and tolerance; cytokine production; and the generation of CTL. It is indicated that contacts between B and T helper cells mediated by CD86 encourage signals for the proliferation and IgG secretion of normal B cells and B cell lymphomas. Recent study has revealed that CD86 also promotes the generation of a mature APC repertoire and promotes APC function and survival. CD86 has an important role in chronic hemodialysis; allergic pulmonary inflammation; arthritis; and antiviral responses; and thus is regarded as a promising candidate for immune therapy.

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